Congress of the United States

Washington, DC 20515

March 24, 2023

The Honorable Robert Aderholt Chairman Labor, Health and Human Services, Education Subcommittee Committee on Appropriations Washington, D.C. 20515 The Honorable Rosa DeLauro Ranking Member Labor, Health and Human Services, Education Subcommittee Committee on Appropriations Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Chairman Aderholt and Ranking Member DeLauro:

Thank you for your continued support of the Open Textbooks Pilot program at the Department of Education (ED) to support the creation and expansion of the sustainable use of quality open college textbooks. We are thankful for your leadership in securing \$12 million in Fiscal Year (FY) 2023, which brings the total federal investment to \$47 million over the last six fiscal years —resulting in an estimated \$250 million in eventual savings to students. We write today to ask that you continue to build on this multi-year federal investment by providing \$25 million to support the Pilot in FY2024.

Unlike tuition and other costs of college, textbook costs are often felt by students on the front end. The College Board estimates that the average student budget at a four-year public institution of higher education for books and supplies was \$1,240 during the 2022-2023 academic year. A single traditional textbook can often cost hundreds of dollars.

Open textbooks are educational resources freely available to the public under an open license and provide quality alternatives to traditional textbooks. Each time a faculty member substitutes a traditional textbook with an open textbook, students save money. Over time, the expanded use of open textbooks has the potential to inject healthy competition into the traditional textbook market—bringing overall prices down. Open textbooks can also improve instruction by providing greater flexibility for faculty members to adapt and customize materials to meet their specific needs.

Open textbooks not only help reduce the cost of college for students, but their use can improve educational outcomes by ensuring students are not forced to forgo required course materials due to cost. A 2020 survey by U.S. PIRG found that 65 percent of students decided not to buy a textbook because of the cost, and 90 percent of those students worried it would negatively affect their grade. Low-income and students of color are most often negatively impacted by not being able to afford class materials. The COVID-19 pandemic further exacerbated the financial challenges of these students in continuing their college education. That same U.S. PIRG survey found that 82 percent of students who reported missing a meal due to the pandemic also reported forgoing buying textbooks because of the cost.

There is a growing demand among the higher education community for this program. In the most recent competition, ED received 12 applications for projects but could only fund an additional two. We believe an increase to \$25 million in FY24 is needed to keep up the exciting

momentum this program has built toward increasing savings for students. Additional funds mean that more projects can be funded and savings for a greater number of students can be achieved. Previous federal investments in the Open Textbook Pilot show a bipartisan commitment to making college more affordable for students and families. We respectfully urge you to grow this commitment in FY24.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

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Member of Congress

Shontel M. Brown

Member of Congress

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Member of Congress

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